COUNTY OF HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019



999 BISHOP STREET, SUITE 2200 | HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813 **T** (808) 524-2255 **F** (808) 523-2090 | nkcpa.com

COUNTY OF HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i)

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COUNTY OF HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Water Board County of Hawai'i, Department of Water Supply

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the County of Hawai'i, Department of Water Supply (Department), a component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i, as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Department as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the fiscal years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 12 and the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability, contributions (pension), changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios, and contributions (OPEB) on pages 50 through 57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2020 on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Department's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

NoK CPAS, INC.

Honolulu, Hawaii December 29, 2020

The Department of Water Supply, County of Hawai'i (Department) operates as a semiautonomous agency charged with the responsibility of operating and maintaining the County of Hawai'i's public water systems. The Department is a utility enterprise and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements taken as a whole.

Financial Statements

The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Department's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statements of net position present information on all of the Department's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the residual amount reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Department is improving or deteriorating. Net position increases when revenues exceed expenses. Increases in assets and deferred outflows of resources, without a corresponding increase in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, result in increased net position, which indicate an improved financial position. In the case of the Department, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$217.3 million, at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This represents a decrease of \$6.5 million, or 2.94% less than the previous year. At June 30, 2020, \$236.0 million of the Department's net position was invested in capital assets (net of related debt), and (\$18.6) million was unrestricted.

The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position present information showing how the Department's net position changed during the fiscal year. All components of the changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statements for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The statements of cash flows present changes in cash and cash equivalents (short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition), resulting from operating, investing, capital and related financing activities, and non-capital financing activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Department's participation in the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawai'i (ERS) and the Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund of the State of Hawai'i (EUTF).

Condensed Financial Information

The following are summaries from the Department's financial statements as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and 2018.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

| | 2020 | | | 2019 | | 2018 |
|--|------|--------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Capital assets, net | \$ | 301,507,187 | \$ | 296,556,069 | \$ | 303,062,991 |
| Other assets | _ | 52,659,064 | _ | 63,430,514 | _ | 63,769,326 |
| Total assets | - | 354,166,251 | - | 359,986,583 | - | 366,832,317 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | _ | 10,093,069 | - | 12,278,889 | _ | 10,143,200 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | _ | 10,093,069 | - | 12,278,889 | - | 10,143,200 |
| Total assets and deferred | | | | | | |
| outflows of resources | \$ | 364,259,320 | \$ | 372,265,472 | \$ | 376,975,517 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt | \$ | 66,433,693 | \$ | 70,622,680 | \$ | 74,523,523 |
| Other liabilities | _ | 76,578,688 | _ | 75,197,730 | _ | 70,857,883 |
| Total liabilities | - | 143,012,381 | - | 145,820,410 | - | 145,381,406 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | _ | 3,911,126 | _ | 2,515,745 | _ | 2,161,311 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | - | 3,911,126 | - | 2,515,745 | - | 2,161,311 |
| Net position | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 235,961,719 | | 226,821,614 | | 229,427,693 |
| Unrestricted | | (18,625,906) | | (2,892,297) | | 5,107 |
| Total net position | - | 217,335,813 | - | 223,929,317 | - | 229,432,800 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of | - | | - | | - | |
| resources and net position | \$ | 364,259,320 | \$ | 372,265,472 | \$ | 376,975,517 |

Condensed Financial Information (Continued)

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

| | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | |
|--|-------------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|--|
| Changes in net position | | | | | | |
| Operating revenues - water sales | \$ 49,052,933 | \$ | 49,218,324 | \$ | 45,016,591 | |
| Operating expenses | 58,447,601 | | 58,985,608 | | 56,198,520 | |
| Operating loss | (9,394,668) | | (9,767,284) | | (11,181,929) | |
| Nonoperating revenues | 1,475,971 | | 1,478,183 | | 1,300,484 | |
| Nonoperating expenses | (1,877,186) | | (2,246,105) | | (3,645,490) | |
| Loss before contributions | (9,795,883) | | (10,535,206) | | (13,526,935) | |
| Contributions in aid of construction | 3,202,379 | | 5,031,723 | _ | 8,122,713 | |
| Change in net position | (6,593,504) | | (5,503,483) | | (5,404,222) | |
| Net position at beginning of fiscal year | 223,929,317 | | 229,432,800 | | 234,837,022 | |
| Net position end of fiscal year | \$ 217,335,813 | \$ | 223,929,317 | \$ | 229,432,800 | |

Financial Analysis

Capital assets, net increased by \$5.0 million, or 1.67%, during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 (FY2020), due primarily to an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$14.4 million, offset by increases in utility plant of \$8.0 million, and CIP of \$11.0 million. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (FY2019), capital assets, net decreased by \$6.5 million, or 2.15%, due primarily to an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$13.3 million, offset by increases in utility plant of \$3.0 million, and CIP of \$13.4 million.

Other assets decreased by \$10.8 million, or 16.98%, in FY2020, due primarily to decreases in investments of \$8.0 million, and intergovernmental receivables of \$2.0 million. In FY2019, other assets decreased by \$0.3 million, or 0.53%, due primarily to a decrease in cash and investments of \$3.2 million, offset by increases in trade receivables of \$0.6 million, intergovernmental receivables of \$1.9 million, and interest receivable of \$0.4 million.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$2.2 million, or 17.80%, in FY2020, due primarily to a decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions of \$2.48 million. During FY2019, deferred outflows of resources increased by \$2.1 million or 21.06%, due primarily to increases in deferred outflows of resources for pensions of \$1.7 million and deferred outflows of resources for OPEB of \$0.4 million.

Financial Analysis (Continued)

Long-term debt decreased by \$4.2 million, or 5.93%, in FY2020, due primarily to bond and loan repayments of \$5.7 million, offset by loan proceeds of \$1.7 million. During FY2019, long term debt decreased by \$3.9 million, or 5.23%, due primarily to bond and loan repayments of \$5.5 million and loan forgiveness of \$0.6 million, offset by loan proceeds of \$2.5 million.

Other liabilities increased by \$1.4 million, or 1.84% in FY2020, due primarily to an increase in accounts and construction contracts payable of \$2.9 million, offset by a decrease of net pension iability of \$1.5 million. In FY2019, other liabilities increased \$4.3 million, or 6.12%, due primarily to an increase in net pension liability of \$5.1 million, offset by a decrease of net OPEB liability of \$0.8 million.

Deferred inflows of resources increased by \$1.4 million, or 55.47%, in FY2020, due primarily to an increase in deferred inflows of resources for pensions of \$1.5 million. In FY2019, deferred inflows of resources increased by \$0.4 million, or 16.40%, due primarily to a decrease in deferred inflows of resources for pensions of \$0.5 million, offset by an increase in deferred inflows of resources for OPEB of \$0.9 million.

Net investment in capital assets increased by \$9.1 million, or 4.03%, in FY2020, due primarily to an increase in net capital assets of \$5.0 million, and a reduction in long term debt of \$4.2 million. In FY2019, net investment in capital assets decreased by \$2.6 million, or 1.14%, due primarily to a reduction in net capital assets of \$6.5 million, offset by a reduction in long term debt of \$3.9 million.

Total net position decreased \$6.6 million, or 2.94%, in FY2020, due primarily to the results of operations of (\$6.5 million). In FY2019, total net position decreased by \$5.5 million, or 2.40%, due primarily to the results of operations of (\$5.5 million).

Operating expenses decreased by \$0.5 million, or 0.91%, in FY2020, due primarily to a decrease in employee benefits of \$0.6 million. In FY2019, operating expenses increased by \$2.8 million, or 4.96%, due primarily to an increase in purchased power of \$1.6 million.

Non-operating expenses decreased by \$0.4 million, or 16.42%, in FY2020, due primarily to decreases in interest on long term debt of \$0.2 million and losses on disposal of property of \$0.2 million. In FY2019, non-operating expenses decreased by \$1.4 million, or 38.39%, due primarily to Kapoho lava flow infrastructure losses incurred in the prior year of \$1.5 million.

Contributions in aid of construction decreased by \$1.8 million, or 36.36%, in FY2020, due primarily to prior year dedications exceeding current year's by \$1.4 million, and loan forgiveness of \$0.6 million in the prior year. In FY2019, contributions in aid of construction decreased by \$3.1 million, or 38.05%, due primarily to generators valued at \$0.5 million and State of Hawaii construction funding of \$0.6 million received in the prior year but not in FY2019.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Department had \$301.5 million and \$296.6 million, respectively, invested in capital assets, and \$66.4 million and \$70.6 million, respectively, of long-term debt outstanding.

During 2020, major capital asset additions included:

• \$5.1 million for the Kapulena Well Development

During 2019, major capital asset additions included:

- \$0.4 million for the Paukaa waterline.
- \$0.4 million for the HOVE well repairs.
- \$0.2 million for Kahaluu booster repairs.
- \$0.2 million for Kaieie Mauka well repairs.
- \$0.2 million for Olaa #6 well repairs.
- \$0.2 million for Hawi #2 well repairs.
- \$0.2 million for Kaloko Mauka #3 booster repairs.

More detailed information about the Department's capital assets is provided in Note D to the financial statements.

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Department had outstanding \$22.2 million and \$24.8 million, respectively, in County of Hawai'i general obligation bonds for public improvements, and \$42.9 million and \$44.3 million, respectively, in State of Hawai'i revolving fund loans.

As of June 30, 2020, the Department, through the County of Hawai'i, maintained an "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's, an "Aa2" rating from Moody's and an "AA+" rating from Fitch for general obligation debt.

Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions

Effective July 1, 2020, water rates remained unchanged from FY19.

Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19)

The Water Board postponed implementing a projected 6.5% rate increase on July 1, 2020 due to uncertainties of the COVID-19 outbreak. After further analysis, the Water Board approved a 13% rate increase effective January 1, 2021. Further increases are contingent upon continued analysis of the Department's financial condition and the economy.

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

| | 2020 | | | 2019 |
|---|------|---------------|----|---------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 19,663,115 | \$ | 20,115,848 |
| Investments | | 7,000,000 | | 13,000,000 |
| Interest receivable | | 676,804 | | 791,922 |
| Trade receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts | | | | |
| \$1,590,000 in 2020 and \$1,293,000 in 2019 | | 7,097,098 | | 7,299,899 |
| Intergovernmental receivables | | 496,269 | | 2,480,348 |
| Other receivables | | 255,082 | | 266,823 |
| Inventories of materials and supplies | | 1,537,355 | | 1,531,481 |
| Prepaid expenses and other | | 45,116 | | 55,968 |
| Total current assets | | 36,770,839 | | 45,542,289 |
| | | | | |
| Restricted cash | | 888,225 | | 888,225 |
| Investments | | 15,000,000 | | 17,000,000 |
| Capital assets | | | | |
| Utility plant in service | | 516,049,178 | | 508,026,103 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (276,541,289) | | (262,121,118) |
| | | 239,507,889 | | 245,904,985 |
| Land and rights | | 5,261,319 | | 5,204,598 |
| Preliminary survey and investigation charges | | 6,417,849 | | 6,140,398 |
| Construction work in progress | | 50,320,130 | | 39,306,088 |
| Net capital assets | | 301,507,187 | | 296,556,069 |
| Total assets | | 354,166,251 | | 359,986,583 |
| | | 334,100,231 | | 009,900,000 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | | 7,441,708 | | 9,921,877 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | | 2,651,361 | | 2,357,012 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | | 10,093,069 | | 12,278,889 |
| Total assets and deferred outflows of resources | \$ | 364,259,320 | \$ | 372,265,472 |

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (Continued) June 30, 2020 and 2019

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accounts and construction contracts payable, | | |
| including retainages | \$ 6,033,555 | \$ 3,099,214 |
| Long-term debt, current portion | 5,828,067 | 5,613,168 |
| Accrued compensation | 1,740,978 | 1,582,476 |
| Accrued interest payable | 545,682 | 605,077 |
| Accrued workers' compensation, current portion | 147,642 | 174,262 |
| Accrued vacation, current portion | 524,869 | 563,533 |
| Customers' deposits, current portion | 230,525 | 200,460 |
| Total current liabilities | 15,051,318 | 11,838,190 |
| Accrued workers' compensation, noncurrent portion | 512,358 | 604,738 |
| Accrued vacation, noncurrent portion | 1,285,023 | 1,144,142 |
| Unearned revenue | 1,583,953 | 1,583,953 |
| Customers' deposits, noncurrent portion | 15,865,108 | 15,686,076 |
| Net pension liability | 32,029,248 | 33,522,053 |
| Net OPEB liability | 16,079,747 | 16,431,746 |
| Long-term debt, noncurrent portion | 60,605,626 | 65,009,512 |
| Total liabilities | 143,012,381 | 145,820,410 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | 2,754,645 | 1,251,594 |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | 1,093,632 | 1,194,508 |
| Unamortized gain on advanced refunding | 62,849 | 69,643 |
| · · | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 3,911,126 | 2,515,745 |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 235,961,719 | 226,821,614 |
| Unrestricted | (18,625,906) | (2,892,297) |
| Total net position | 217,335,813 | 223,929,317 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources | | |
| and net position | \$ 364,259,320 | \$ 372,265,472 |

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

| | 2020 | | | 2019 | |
|--|------|-------------|----|--------------|--|
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | | |
| Water sales | \$ | 49,052,933 | \$ | 49,218,324 | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | |
| Power and pumping | | 19,841,121 | | 20,642,928 | |
| Depreciation | | 14,823,615 | | 15,274,501 | |
| General and administrative | | 11,294,654 | | 11,469,496 | |
| Transmission and distribution | | 7,178,319 | | 6,755,397 | |
| Purification | | 2,295,797 | | 1,850,821 | |
| Maintenance and repairs | | 1,729,486 | | 1,727,475 | |
| Customers' accounting and collecting | | 1,284,609 | | 1,264,990 | |
| Total operating expenses | | 58,447,601 | | 58,985,608 | |
| Operating loss | | (9,394,668) | | (9,767,284) | |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES | | | | | |
| Interest income | | 775,456 | | 824,715 | |
| Other | | 700,515 | | 653,468 | |
| Total nonoperating revenues | | 1,475,971 | | 1,478,183 | |
| NONOPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | |
| Interest expense on long-term debt | | (1,559,026) | | (1,714,080) | |
| Loss on disposal of capital assets | | (107,891) | | (326,031) | |
| Other | | (210,269) | | (205,994) | |
| Total nonoperating expenses | | (1,877,186) | | (2,246,105) | |
| Loss before contributions | | (9,795,883) | | (10,535,206) | |
| CONTRIBUTIONS IN AID OF CONSTRUCTION | | 3,202,379 | | 5,031,723 | |
| Change in net position | | (6,593,504) | | (5,503,483) | |
| Net position at beginning of fiscal year | | 223,929,317 | | 229,432,800 | |
| Net position at end of fiscal year | \$ | 217,335,813 | \$ | 223,929,317 | |

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

| | 2020 | | 2019 |
|--|------------------|----|--------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ 49,476,572 | \$ | 48,578,543 |
| Payments to suppliers for goods and services | (21,544,372) | , | (25,331,995) |
| Payments to employees for services | (17,255,384) | | (15,716,422) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 10,676,816 | | 7,530,126 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING | | | |
| ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Principal paid on long-term debt | (5,651,462) | | (5,530,182) |
| Debt proceeds | 1,663,806 | | 2,478,870 |
| Interest paid on long-term debt | (1,826,547) | | (1,984,026) |
| Acquisition and construction of capital assets | (18,331,597) | | (5,679,219) |
| Proceeds on sale of capital assets | 4,000 | | 13,333 |
| Federal grants received | 2,365,967 | | (1,775,370) |
| Contributions in aid of construction | 1,755,710 | | 1,309,755 |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | (20,020,123) | | (11,166,839) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Purchase of investments | (18,000,000) | | (10,000,000) |
| Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments | 26,000,000 | | 5,000,000 |
| Interest received | 890,574 | | 466,802 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | 8,890,574 | | (4,533,198) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (452,733) | | (8,169,911) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR | 21,004,073 | | 29,173,984 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF FISCAL YEAR | \$ 20,551,340 | \$ | 21,004,073 |
| RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION | | | |
| Unrestricted | \$ 19,663,115 | \$ | 20,115,848 |
| Restricted | 888,225 | | 888,225 |
| | \$ 20,551,340 | \$ | 21,004,073 |

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|----|-------------|-------------------|
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH | | | |
| PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Operating loss | \$ | (9,394,668) | \$ (9,767,284) |
| Depreciation | | 14,823,615 | 15,274,501 |
| Provision for doubtful accounts | | 527,789 | 172,014 |
| Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities | 5 | | |
| and deferred inflows of resources | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | | (313,247) | (765,896) |
| Inventories of materials and supplies | | (5,874) | (33,140) |
| Prepaid expenses and other | | 10,852 | 22,724 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | | 2,480,169 | (1,715,225) |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB | | (294,349) | (420,464) |
| Accounts and construction contracts payable, | | | |
| including retainages | | 2,934,341 | (125,246) |
| Customers' deposits | | 209,097 | (45,899) |
| Other accrued liabilities | | 141,719 | 235,765 |
| Net pension liability | | (1,492,805) | 5,156,600 |
| Net OPEB liability | | (351,999) | (833,982) |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | | 1,503,052 | (579,988) |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB | | (100,876) | 955,646 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 10,676,816 | \$ 7,530,126 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL | | | |
| AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Contributions of capital assets that are recorded as | | | |
| contributions in aid of construction | \$ | 1,064,781 | \$ 2,980,250 |
| Amortization of unamortized gain on advanced refunding | \$ | 6,795 | \$ 21,224 |
| Amortization of bond premium | \$ | 201,331 | \$ 201,331 |
| Principal forgiveness of long-term debt | \$ | | \$ 648,200 |

NOTE A - NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

The Department of Water Supply, County of Hawai'i (Department) is administered by the Water Board, which consists of nine members who serve staggered terms of five years in length. Board members are appointed by the Mayor of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i (County) and are confirmed by the County Council, as required by the County Charter.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (1) Financial Statement Presentation The Department is a component unit of the County (primary government). The accompanying financial statements present only the financial position and activities of the Department and do not purport to, and do not present the financial position of the County, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows.
- (2) **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting** The Department's financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.
- (3) Cash and Cash Equivalents For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Department considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less or money market funds with a weighted average maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.
- (4) *Investments* Investments in time certificates of deposits are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.
- (5) Trade Receivables Trade receivables are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The allowance for doubtful accounts is the Department's best estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in the Department's existing trade receivables. The Department determines the allowance based on historical write-off experience. The Department reviews its allowance for doubtful accounts monthly. Past-due balances over 90 days and over a specified amount are reviewed individually for collectability. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote.
- (6) *Inventories of Materials and Supplies* Materials and supplies are stated at cost on an average cost basis.
- (7) **Restricted Assets** Unspent bond proceeds that are restricted for purchases of water system improvements are recorded as restricted assets.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(8) Capital Assets - Capital assets in service as of January 1, 1950, date of inception of the Department, were recorded at the cost of the assets acquired by the County for its water system from January 1, 1924 to December 31, 1949, less accumulated depreciation to December 31, 1949, as determined by the Department. Assets purchased prior to 1924 and property acquired by gift or grant prior to 1950 are not included in capital assets. Additions to capital assets since January 1, 1950 are stated at cost and include contributions by governmental agencies, private subdividers, and customers at their cost or estimated cost. The capitalization threshold of assets is \$400 with estimated useful lives greater than one year. Construction costs include amounts for contract work, engineering supervision, and other direct costs and overhead costs.

Preliminary survey and investigation charges represent expenditures incurred to determine the feasibility of potential water system sites for future development.

Maintenance and repairs and minor replacements are charged to operations. Major replacements, renewals, and betterments are capitalized to capital asset accounts.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Distribution mains and accessories Structures and improvements | 40 years 40 to 50 years |
|---|----------------------------|
| Electric and hydraulic pumping equipment | 10 years |
| Services | 25 years |
| Transmission mains and accessories, | |
| hydrants and purification system | 40 years |
| Meters | 10 years |
| Transportation, communication, tools | |
| and office equipment and furniture | 5 years |
| Other equipment | 5 to 10 years |
| Other fire protection plant | 25 years |

Annual depreciation rates are applied to costs of the various classes of depreciable assets on the group basis or, as to transportation equipment, to the cost of individual units of property.

Gains or losses resulting from the sale, retirement, or disposal of capital assets in service are charged or credited to operations in the year realized.

(9) Compensated Absences - Employees earn vacation credits at the rate of one and three-quarter working days for each month of service. Up to 90 days of vacation leave credits can be accumulated per employee. In addition, employees who work overtime can elect to take compensatory time off instead of overtime pay. The time off is earned at the rate of one and a half hours for each hour of overtime worked. Both compensatory time off and vacation credits are converted to pay upon termination of employment.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Sick leave can be taken only in the event of illness and is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment. Accumulated sick leave at June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$6,549,000 and \$6,533,000, respectively.

- (10) Pensions For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawai'i (ERS) and additions to/deductions from the ERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the ERS. For this purpose, employer and member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are legally due and benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- (11) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) For the purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (EUTF) and additions to/deductions from EUTF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by EUTF. For this purpose, EUTF recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for investments in commingled and money market funds, which are reported at net asset value (NAV). The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying assets held by the respective fund less its liabilities.
- (12) Net Position Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is classified in the following components: net investment in capital assets and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding debt related to the acquisition or construction of those assets, less unspent bond proceeds. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position not categorized as net investment in capital assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is management's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

(13) Operating Revenues and Expenses - Revenues and expenses are distinguished between operating and nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services in connection with the Department's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Department are fees charged to customers for providing water services. Operating expenses include the costs associated with providing water services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (14) Contributions in Aid of Construction Contributions in aid of construction represent cash or capital assets received by the Department to aid in the construction of infrastructure assets. It also includes the forgiveness of principal due on state revolving fund loans that were used to finance the costs of infrastructure needed to maintain the water system. Contributions in aid of construction are recognized when they are accepted by the Water Board and when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.
- (15) **Deferred Amounts on Advanced Refundings** For advanced refunding resulting in defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying amount of the old debt is deferred. This amount is amortized as a component of interest expense using the bonds outstanding method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new, whichever is shorter. The amount deferred is reported as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources.
- (16) Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.
- (17) **Use of Estimates** The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of capital assets, valuation allowances for trade receivables, valuation of noncash contributions in aid of construction, accrued workers' compensation, pensions and postretirement healthcare and life insurance benefits. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- (18) **Reclassification** Certain balances in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the current year presentation. Such reclassification had no effect on the previously reported change in net position.
- (19) New Accounting Pronouncements The GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. This Statement establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifies whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This Statement requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.* The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. For accounting and financial reporting purposes, a conduit debt obligation is a debt instrument issued in the name of a state or local government (the issuer) that is for the benefit of a third party primarily liable for the repayment of the debt instrument (the third-party obligor). Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in this Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This Statement extends the effective dates of the following Statements that may have an effect on the Department's financial statements as follows:

- Statement No. 84; effective date postponed one year for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019
- Statement No. 87; effective date postponed eighteen months for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021
- Statement No. 90; effective date postponed one year for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019
- Statement No. 91; effective date postponed one year for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021
- Statement No. 92, paragraphs 6 and 7; effective date postponed one year for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021
- Statement No. 92, paragraphs 8, 9, and 12; effective date postponed one year for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021

The requirements of this Statement were effective in May 2020.

The GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) for government end users. This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on the Department's financial statements.

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the carrying amount of deposits (cash, time certificates of deposit, and money market funds) were \$42,551,340 and \$51,004,073, respectively, with corresponding bank balances of \$43,261,291 and \$52,005,269, respectively. These amounts were fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the County's agent in the County's name.

The Hawai'i Revised Statutes (HRS) authorizes the County Director of Finance to invest Department moneys that are in excess of the amounts necessary for meeting immediate requirements. The primary objective of the County's investment policy is to safeguard the principal. The secondary objective is to meet the liquidity needs of the Department. The third objective is to return an acceptable yield. In accordance with the HRS, the County's investment policy permits investments in obligations of or guaranteed by the U.S. government, obligations of the State of Hawai'i, federally insured savings and checking accounts, time certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements with federally insured financial institutions. Investments in time certificates of deposits totaled \$22,000,000 and \$30,000,000 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Department will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Department's policy requires deposits to be maintained at financial institutions that are members of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and for deposits in excess of insured amounts to be collateralized with securities in accordance with the HRS.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, the Department will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Department's policy provides a list of authorized counterparties as well as minimum requirements that counterparties must demonstrate in order to be utilized by the Department.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Department manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of short-term and mid-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or nearing maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The Department monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Department's policy limits investment options to those authorized in the HRS and requires the diversification of assets as to issuer.

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following summarizes the Department's capital assets at June 30, 2020 and 2019:

| | 2020 | | 2019 |
|--|------|---------------|-------------------|
| Utility plant in service | | | |
| Structures and improvements | \$ | 192,860,692 | \$ 188,900,281 |
| Distribution mains and accessories | | 144,493,870 | 143,922,145 |
| Electric and hydraulic pumping equipment | | 66,324,413 | 64,429,458 |
| Transmission mains and accessories | | 36,614,325 | 36,229,522 |
| Services | | 32,317,296 | 32,012,173 |
| Meters | | 11,389,064 | 11,100,028 |
| Hydrants | | 9,617,436 | 9,466,414 |
| Purification system | | 9,128,460 | 9,128,460 |
| Transportation equipment | | 4,170,784 | 3,797,998 |
| Communication equipment | | 3,182,341 | 3,178,729 |
| Office equipment and furniture | | 2,730,591 | 2,655,687 |
| Tools and work equipment | | 1,629,868 | 1,594,288 |
| Other equipment | | 1,570,451 | 1,591,333 |
| Other fire protection plant | | 19,587 | 19,587 |
| Total utility plant in service | | 516,049,178 | 508,026,103 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (276,541,289) | (262,121,118) |
| | | 239,507,889 | 245,904,985 |
| Land and rights | | 5,261,319 | 5,204,598 |
| Preliminary survey and investigation charges | | 6,417,849 | 6,140,398 |
| Construction work in progress | | 50,320,130 | 39,306,088 |
| Net capital assets | \$ | 301,507,187 | \$ 296,556,069 |

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

| | Balance July 1, 2019 | Additions | | Retirements/ Transfers | | J | Balance lune 30, 2020 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------|----|--------------------------|
| Utility plant in service | \$ 508,026,103 | \$ | 8,538,414 | \$ | (515,339) | \$ | 516,049,178 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (262,121,118) | | (14,823,615) | | 403,444 | | (276,541,289) |
| | 245,904,985 | | (6,285,201) | | (111,895) | | 239,507,889 |
| Land and rights | 5,204,598 | | 56,721 | | | | 5,261,319 |
| Preliminary survey and | | | | | | | |
| investigation charges | 6,140,398 | | 283,527 | | (6,076) | | 6,417,849 |
| Construction work in progress | 39,306,088 | | 18,857,495 | | <u>(7,843,453</u>) | | 50,320,130 |
| | \$ 296,556,069 | \$ | 12,912,542 | \$ | (7,961,424) | \$ | 301,507,187 |

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

| | Balance July 1, 2018 Additions | | Retirements/ Transfers | | Balance June 30, 2019 | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|---------------------------|----|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | |
| Utility plant in service | \$ 504,994,061 | \$ | 5,379,172 | \$ | (2,347,130) | \$ 508,026,103 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (248,865,070) | | (15,274,501) | | 2,018,453 | (262,121,118) |
| | 256,128,991 | | (9,895,329) | | (328,677) | 245,904,985 |
| Land and rights | 5,194,398 | | 10,200 | | | 5,204,598 |
| Preliminary survey and | | | | | | |
| investigation charges | 5,840,355 | | 367,426 | | (67,383) | 6,140,398 |
| Construction work in progress | 35,899,247 | | 6,571,496 | | <u>(3,164,655</u>) | 39,306,088 |
| | \$ 303,062,991 | \$ | (2,946,207) | \$ | <u>(3,560,715</u>) | \$ 296,556,069 |

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, long-term debt consisted of the following:

| | 1 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|----|------------|------------------|
| Public improvement refunding bonds (\$13,497,500 issued), 2016 Series B, payable to the County, interest at 3% to 5%, due in semiannual installments through 2026 | \$ | 10,070,000 | \$ 11,257,500 |
| Public improvement refunding bonds (\$6,353,750 issued), 2016 Series E, payable to the County, interest at 2% to 5%, due in semiannual installments through 2029 | | 6,353,750 | 6,353,750 |
| Public improvement bonds (\$6,107,099 issued), 2010 Series B, payable to the County, interest at 3.33% to 6.1%, due in semiannual installments through 2030 | | 4,403,750 | 4,730,000 |
| Public improvement refunding bonds (\$5,752,612 issued), 2007 Series C, payable to the County, interest at 4% to 5%, due in semiannual installments through 2021 | | 1,250,341 | 1,250,341 |
| Public improvement bonds (\$147,000 issued), 2008 Series A, payable to the County, interest at 4.125%, due in semiannual installments through 2043 | | 120,792 | 123,915 |
| Public improvement refunding bonds (\$1,111,221 issued), 2017 Series C, payable to the County, interest at 4% to 5%, paid off in 2020 | _ | | 568,653 |
| Balance carried forward | \$ | 22,198,633 | \$ 24,284,159 |

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|----|-------------|------------------|
| Balance brought forward | \$ | 22,198,633 | \$ 24,284,159 |
| Public improvement bonds (\$9,585,706 issued), 2010 Series A, payable to the County, interest at 4% to 5%, paid off in 2020 | _ | | 485,000 |
| Total public improvement bonds | _ | 22,198,633 | 24,769,159 |
| State Revolving Fund loans (\$67,364,022 loaned) payable to the State of Hawaii, interest up to 1.37%, due in semiannual | | | |
| installments through 2038 | _ | 42,909,525 | 44,326,655 |
| Total long-term debt | | 65,108,158 | 69,095,814 |
| Add: Unamortized premium | _ | 1,325,535 | 1,526,866 |
| | | 66,433,693 | 70,622,680 |
| Less: Current portion | _ | (5,828,067) | (5,613,168) |
| Noncurrent portion | \$ | 60,605,626 | \$ 65,009,512 |

The public improvement bonds consist of long-term obligations to the County that reflect the Department's proportionate share of general obligation bonds that were issued by the County, in part, for the purpose of improving the public water system. The County's general obligation bonds are an absolute and unconditional general obligation of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The principal and interest payments on the bonds are a first charge on the general fund of the County.

The Department's State Revolving Fund Loans are direct borrowings of the Department for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The State Revolving Fund Loans are secured by the gross revenues of the Department.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

| | Balance July 1, 2019 | Additions | Decreases | J | Balance une 30, 2020 | Due Within One Year |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|----|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| State Revolving Fund Loans Public improvement refunding bonds | \$ 44,326,655 24,769,159 | \$ 1,663,806 | \$ (3,080,936) (2,570,526) | \$ | 42,909,525 22,198,633 | \$ 3,118,177 2,709,890 |
| Total | \$ 69,095,814 | \$ 1,663,806 | \$ (5,651,462) | \$ | 65,108,158 | \$ 5,828,067 |

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

| | Balan | ce | | | | | Balance | [| Due Within |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|---------|-------|-------------------|----|--------------|----|------------|
| | July 1, 2 | 018 | Additi | ons | Decreases | Jı | une 30, 2019 | | One Year |
| State Revolving Fund loans | \$ 45,359 | ,733 | \$ 2,47 | 8,870 | \$ (3,511,948) | \$ | 44,326,655 | \$ | 3,042,642 |
| Public improvement refunding bonds | 27,43 | ,593 | | | (2,666,434) | | 24,769,159 | | 2,570,526 |
| Total | \$ 72,79 | <u>,326</u> | 5 2,47 | 8,870 | \$ (6,178,382) | \$ | 69,095,814 | \$ | 5,613,168 |

At June 30, 2020, future principal and interest payments for long-term debt are scheduled as follows:

| | | | Public Im | provement | | | |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--|
| Year Ending | State Revolv | ving Fund Loans | Refundi | ng Bonds | Total | | |
| June 30, | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | |
| 2021 | \$ 3,118,177 | \$ 672,005 | \$ 2,709,890 | \$ 963,039 | \$ 5,828,067 | \$ 1,635,044 | |
| 2022 | 3,102,546 | 602,864 | 2,848,337 | 824,355 | 5,950,883 | 1,427,219 | |
| 2023 | 2,613,490 | 541,258 | 2,323,525 | 694,487 | 4,937,015 | 1,235,745 | |
| 2024 | 2,642,221 | 495,343 | 2,443,671 | 574,107 | 5,085,892 | 1,069,450 | |
| 2025 | 2,671,351 | 448,972 | 2,561,322 | 454,693 | 5,232,673 | 903,665 | |
| 2026 - 2030 | 13,073,069 | 1,566,134 | 9,230,358 | 855,241 | 22,303,427 | 2,421,375 | |
| 2031 - 2035 | 11,134,072 | 640,383 | 26,448 | 14,722 | 11,160,520 | 655,105 | |
| 2036 - 2040 | 4,554,599 | 84,950 | 32,372 | 8,798 | 4,586,971 | 93,748 | |
| 2041 - 2045 | | <u> </u> | 22,710 | 1,895 | 22,710 | 1,895 | |
| | \$ <u>42,909,525</u> | \$ 5,051,909 | \$ <u>22,198,633</u> | \$ 4,391,337 | \$ <u>65,108,158</u> | \$ 9,443,246 | |

In July 2017, the County issued \$139,895,000 in general obligation bonds which included \$3,195,000 of 2017 Series C refunding general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the 2017 Series C issuance were placed in an escrow fund used to defease and advance refund the County's 2007 Series C bonds. The Department has a 34.78% proportionate share of the 2007 Series C general obligation bond. As a result of the refunding, total debt service payments were reduced by approximately \$46,200 and resulted in an economic gain of approximately \$48,200. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the bond matured. At June 30, 2019, defeased bonds totaled \$584,304. Accordingly, the assets of the irrevocable trust and the liability of the defeased bonds are not included on the Department's financial statements.

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

In prior years, the County issued the 2016 Series B and Series E refunding general obligation bonds, in which proceeds were placed in an escrow fund, to repay future debt service payments on the 2006 Series A and 2010 Series A general obligation bonds. The Department has a 50% and 25% proportionate share of the 2006 Series A and 2010 Series A general obligation bonds, respectively. As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Department's proportionate share of the outstanding balance of the unpaid defeased bonds amounted to \$17,752,500 and \$19,110,000, respectively. Accordingly, the assets of the irrevocable trust and the liability of the defeased bonds are not included on the Department's financial statements.

NOTE F - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of other long-term obligations transactions for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

| | _ | Balance July 1, 2019 | | Additions | _ | Deductions | J | Balance une 30, 2020 | | Due Within One Year |
|--|----------|--|----------|---|----------|--|----------|--|----------|--|
| Accrued workers' compensation Accrued vacation Customers' deposits Total | \$ | 779,000 1,707,675 <u>15,886,536</u> <u>18,373,211</u> | \$ \$ | 29,049 809,821 811,312 1,650,182 | \$ \$ | (148,049) (707,604) (602,215) (1,457,868) | \$ \$ | 660,000 1,809,892 16,095,633 18,565,525 | \$ \$ | 147,642 524,869 230,525 903,036 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Balance | | | [| Deductions | | Balance | | Due Within |
| | _ | Balance July 1, 2018 | | Additions | - | Deductions | Jı | Balance une 30, 2019 | | Due Within One Year |
| Accrued workers' | | | | Additions | - | | Jı | | | |
| Accrued workers' compensation | <u>`</u> | | \$ | Additions 313,516 | - | | | | \$ | |
| | | July 1, 2018 | | | ar | d Payments | | une 30, 2019 | | One Year |
| compensation | | July 1, 2018 684,000 | | 313,516 | ar | (218,516) | | u ne 30, 2019 779,000 | | One Year 174,262 |

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Pension Plan

Plan Description - Generally, all full-time employees of the State and counties are required to be members of the ERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that administers the State's pension benefits program. Benefits, eligibility, and contribution requirements are governed by HRS Chapter 88 and can be amended through legislation. The ERS issues publicly available annual financial reports that can be obtained at ERS' website: https://ers.ehawaii.gov.

Benefits Provided - The ERS Pension Trust is comprised of three pension classes for membership purposes and considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes since all assets of the ERS may legally be used to pay the benefits of any of the ERS members or beneficiaries. The ERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits with three membership classes known as the noncontributory, contributory, and hybrid retirement classes. The three classes provide a monthly retirement allowance equal to the benefit multiplier (generally 1.25% or 2%) multiplied by the average final compensation multiplied by years of credited service. Average final compensation for members hired prior to July 1, 2012 is an average of the highest salaries during any three years of credited service, excluding any salary paid in lieu of vacation for members hired January 1, 1971 or later and the average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service including any salary paid in lieu of vacation is an average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service after June 30, 2012, average final compensation is an average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service after June 30, 2012, average final compensation is an average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service and the average of credited service excluding any five years of credited service including any five years of credited service including any five years of credited service including any salary paid in lieu of vacation for members hired prior to January 1, 1971. For members hired after June 30, 2012, average final compensation is an average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service excluding any five years of credited service excluding any salary paid in lieu of vacation.

Each retiree's original retirement allowance is increased on each July 1 beginning the calendar year after retirement. Retirees first hired as members prior to July 1, 2012, receive a 2.5% increase each year of their original retirement allowance without a ceiling. Retirees first hired as members after June 30, 2012, receive a 1.5% increase each year of their original retirement allowance without a ceiling. The annual increase is not compounded.

The following summarizes the provisions relevant to the largest employee groups of the respective membership class. Retirement benefits for certain groups, such as police officers, firefighters, some investigators, sewer workers, judges, and elected officials, vary from general employees.

Noncontributory Class

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.25% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. Employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. Employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 12.5% of average final compensation.

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a monthly benefit of 30% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. Additional benefits are payable to surviving dependent children up to age 18. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children, no benefit is payable.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least ten years of credited service. The surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary (until remarriage/re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship) and dependent children (up to age 18) receive a benefit equal to a percentage of the member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age or, if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension and the dependent children receive a percentage of the member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age.

Contributory Class for Members Hired prior to July 1, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

Police officers and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined using the benefit multiplier of 2.5% for qualified service, up to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Police officers and firefighters with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55. Police officers and firefighters with 25 years of credited service are eligible to retire at any age, provided the last five years is service credited in these occupations.

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a one-time payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump-sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least one year of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump-sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage of the salary earned in the 12 months preceding death, or 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Contributory Class for Members Hired After June 30, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Judges and elected officers' retirement benefits are determined as 3.0% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service up to a maximum of 75%. Judges and elected officers with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60.

Police officers and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined using the benefit multiplier of 2.25% for qualified service, up to a maximum of 80% of average final compensation. Police officers and firefighters with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Police officers and firefighters with 25 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55, provided the last five years is service credited in these occupations.

Disability and Death Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation plus refund of contributions and accrued interest. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are 3% of average final compensation for each year of service for judges and elected officers and 1.75% of average final compensation for each year of service for police officers and firefighters and are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

Death benefits for contributory members hired after June 30, 2012 are generally the same as those for contributory members hired June 30, 2012 and prior.

Hybrid Class for Members Hired Prior to July 1, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. General employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

Disability Benefits - Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation plus refund of their contributions and accrued interest. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 25% of average final compensation.

Death Benefits - For service-connected deaths, the designated surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump-sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving dependent children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least five years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump-sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage multiplied by 150%, or 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

Hybrid Class for Members Hired After June 30, 2012

Retirement Benefits - General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 65. Employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Sewer workers, water safety officers, and emergency medical technicians may retire with 25 years of credited service at age 55.

Disability and Death Benefits - Provisions for disability and death benefits generally remain the same except for ordinary death benefits. Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least ten years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump-sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest, or 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

Contributions - Contributions are governed by HRS Chapter 88 and may be amended through legislation. The employer rate is set by statute based on the recommendations of the ERS actuary resulting from an experience study conducted every five years. Since July 1, 2005, the employer contribution rate is a fixed percentage of compensation, including the normal cost plus amounts required to pay for the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. The contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 and 2019 were 36.00% and 31.00%, respectively, for police officers and firefighters, and 22.00% and 19.00%, respectively, for all other employees. Contributions to the pension plan from the Department were \$2,258,593 and \$1,950,328 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

On May 18, 2017, the Governor signed into law Act 17 SLH 2017. Per Act 17, future employer contributions from the State and counties are expected to increase pursuant to a phased-in contribution rate increase over four years beginning July 1, 2017. The rate for police officers and firefighters increases to 31.00% on July 1, 2018; 36.00% on July 1, 2019; and 41.00% on July 1, 2020 and the rate for all other employees' increases to 19.00% on July 1, 2018; 22.00% on July 1, 2019; and 24.00% on July 1, 2020.

The employer is required to make all contributions for noncontributory members. Contributory members hired prior to July 1, 2012 are required to contribute 7.8% of their salary, except for police officers and firefighters who are required to contribute 12.2% of their salary. Contributory members hired after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 9.8% of their salary, except for police officers and firefighters who are required to contribute 14.2% of their salary. Hybrid members hired after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 6.0% of their salary. Hybrid members hired after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Department reported a liability of \$32,029,248 and \$33,522,053, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Department's proportion of the net pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Department's proportion was 0.23%, a decrease of 0.02% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the Department's proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Department recognized pension expense of \$4,855,184 and \$5,162,420, respectively. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | June 30, 2020 | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|
| | | Deferred Dutflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings | \$ | 560,393 2,180,671 | \$ | (64,104) |
| on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between Department contributions and proportionate share | | | | (87,921) |
| of contributions Department contributions subsequent to the | | 2,442,051 | | (2,602,620) |
| measurement date | | 2,258,593 | | |
| Total | \$ | 7,441,708 | \$ | <u>(2,754,645</u>) |

| | June 30, 2019 | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------|----|-------------------------------------|
| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 604,656 | \$ | (210,052) |
| Changes in assumptions | | 3,614,219 | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | | |
| on pension plan investments | | | | (173,185) |
| Changes in proportion and differences between | | | | |
| Department contributions and proportionate share | | / | | () |
| of contributions | | 3,752,674 | | (868,357) |
| Department contributions subsequent to the | | | | |
| measurement date | | 1,950,328 | | |
| Total | \$ | 9,921,877 | \$ | <u>(1,251,594</u>) |

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the Department reported \$2,258,593 of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Department's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2020 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30, | Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2021 | \$ | 1,458,414 | | | | | |
| 2022 | | 888,038 | | | | | |
| 2023 | | 306,430 | | | | | |
| 2024 | | (81,909) | | | | | |
| 2025 | | (142,503) | | | | | |
| | \$ | 2,428,470 | | | | | |

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Inflation | 2.50% | 2.50% |
| Investment rate of return, including inflation | 7.00% | 7.00% |
| Salary increases, including inflation | | |
| Police and fire employees | 5.00% to 7.00% | 5.00% to 7.00% |
| General employees | 3.50% to 6.50% | 3.50% to 6.50% |
| Teachers | 3.75% to 5.75% | 3.75% to 5.75% |

Mortality rates used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 were based on the following:

Active members - Multiples of the RP 2014 mortality table for active employees based on the occupation of the member.

Healthy retirees - 2019: The 2019 Public Retirees of Hawaii mortality table, generational projection using the BB projection table from the year 2019 and with multipliers based on plan and group experience. 2018: The 2016 Public Retirees of Hawaii mortality table, generational projecting using the BB projection table from the year 2016 and with multipliers based on plan and group experience.

Disabled retirees - 2019: Base table for healthy retirees' occupation, set forward five years, generational projection using the BB projection table from the year 2019. Minimum mortality rate of 3.50% for males and 2.50% for females. 2018: Base table for healthy retirees' occupation, set forward five years, generational projection using the BB projection table from the year 2016. Minimum mortality rate of 3.50% for males and 2.50% for males and 2.50% for males.
NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 was based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of June 30, 2018, with most of the assumptions based on the period from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, based on ERS' investment consultant, was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 are summarized in the following tables:

| | June 30, 2019 | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Strategic Allocation (Risk-Based Classes) | Target Allocation | Long-Term Expected Rate of Return | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return* | | | |
| Broad growth | 63.00% | 7.65% | 5.40% | | | |
| Crisis risk offset | 20.00% | 5.15% | 2.90% | | | |
| Real return | 10.00% | 4.55% | 2.30% | | | |
| Principal protection | 7.00% | 3.00% | 0.75% | | | |
| | 100.00% | | | | | |

*Uses an expected inflation of 2.25%

| | June 30, 2018 | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | | Long-Term | Long-Term | | | |
| Strategic Allocation | Target | Expected | Expected Real | | | |
| (Risk-Based Classes) | Allocation | Rate of Return | Rate of Return* | | | |
| Broad growth | 63.00% | 7.10% | 4.85% | | | |
| Crisis risk offset | 20.00% | 4.60% | 2.35% | | | |
| Real return | 10.00% | 4.10% | 1.85% | | | |
| Principal protection | 7.00% | 2.50% | 0.25% | | | |
| | 100.00% | | | | | |
| Real return | 10.00% 7.00% | 4.10% | 1.85% | | | |

*Uses an expected inflation of 2.25%

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the net pension liability at June 30, 2020 and 2019 was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the Department will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Department's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2020 and 2019 calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

| | | June 30, 2020 | |
|---|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | 1% Decrease (6.00%) | Discount Rate (7.00%) | 1% Increase (8.00%) |
| Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ <u>41,554,140</u> | \$ 32,029,248 | \$ _25,171,502 |
| | | June 30, 2019 | |
| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
| | (6.00%) | (7.00%) | (8.00%) |
| Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ <u>43,590,009</u> | \$ <u>33,522,053</u> | \$ 25,222,572 |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report. ERS' complete financial statements are available at: https://ers.ehawaii.gov.

Payables to the Pension Plan - At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the amount payable to the ERS were \$239,615 and \$106,258, respectively, which consists of statutorily required employer contributions for the month of June and an accrual for excess pension costs attributed to the fiscal year, as required by the HRS.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Chapter 87A of the Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) established the EUTF, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan, which provides a single delivery system of health and other benefits for state and county workers, retirees and their eligible dependents. The EUTF issues a stand-alone financial report that is available to the public on its website at https://eutf.hawaii.gov.

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

Benefits provided. Chapter 87A of the HRS grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the board of trustees of the EUTF. The EUTF currently provides medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, chiropractic, supplemental medical and prescription drug, and group life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The following table provides a summary of the number of employees covered by the benefits terms as of July 1, 2019 and 2018:

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|------|------|
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries | | |
| currently receiving benefits | 98 | 98 |
| Inactive employees entitled but not yet | | |
| receiving benefit payments | 11 | 11 |
| Active employees | 164 | 157 |
| | 273 | 266 |

Contributions. The Department's contribution levels are established by Chapter 87A of the HRS. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Department was required to contribute 100% of the annual required contribution (ARC), as determined by an actuary retained by the board of trustees of the EUTF. The ARC represents a level of funding that is sufficient to cover, 1) the normal cost, which is the cost of the other postemployment benefits attributable to the current year of service; and 2) an amortization payment, which is a catch-up payment for past service costs to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the next thirty years. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, contributions to the OPEB Plan from the Department totaled \$1,977,000 and \$1,990,000, respectively, which resulted in an average contribution rate of approximately 18.02% and 18.38%, respectively, of covered-employee payroll.

For employees hired before July 1, 1996, the Department pays the entire base monthly contribution for employees retiring with 10 or more years of credited service, and 50% of the base monthly contribution for employees retiring with fewer than 10 years of credited service. A retiree can elect a family plan to cover dependents. The Department's contribution is based on the plan selected by the retiree (single, two-party, or family plans).

For employees hired after June 30, 1996, but before July 1, 2001, and who retire with fewer than 10 years of service, the Department makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years of service but fewer than 15 years of service, the Department pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For employees retiring with at least 15 years of service but fewer than 25 years of service, the Department pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For employees retiring with at least 25 years of service, the Department pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. The Department's contribution is based on the plan selected by the retiree (single, two-party, or family plans).

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

For employees hired on or after July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than 10 years of service, the Department makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least 10 years but fewer than 15 years of service, the Department pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the Department pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those employees retiring with at least 25 years of service, the Department pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Only single plan coverage is provided for retirees in this category. The Department's contribution is based on the single plan base monthly contribution. Retirees can elect family coverage but must pay the difference.

Net OPEB Liability

The Department's net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 was measured as of July 1, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

| Inflation | 2.50% |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Salary increases | 3.50% to 7.00% including inflation |
| Investment rate of return | 7.00% |
| Healthcare cost trend rates PPO | Initial rates of 8.00%; declining to a rate of 4.86% after 12 years |
| НМО | Initial rate of 8.00%%; declining to a rate of 4.86% after 12 years |
| Part B & base monthly contribution | Initial rates of 5.00%, declining to a rate of 4.70% after 11 years |
| Dental | Initial rates of 5.00% for first two years; followed by 4.00% |
| Vision | Initial rates of 0.00% for first two years, followed by 2.50% |
| Life insurance | 0.00% |

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

| Inflation | 2.50% | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Salary increases | 3.50% to 7.00%, including inflation | | | | |
| Investment rate of return | 7.00% | | | | |
| Healthcare cost trend rates PPO | Initial rates of 10.00%; declining to a rate of 4.86% after 13 years | | | | |
| НМО | Initial rate of 10.00%; declining to a rate of 4.86% after 13 years | | | | |
| Part B & base monthly contribution | Initial rates of 4.00% and 5.00%, declining to a rate of 4.70% after 12 years | | | | |
| Dental | Initial rates of 5.00% for the first three years; followed by 4.00% | | | | |
| Vision | Initial rates of 0.00% for the first three years, followed by 2.50% | | | | |
| Life insurance | 0.00% | | | | |

Mortality rates are based on system-specific mortality tables utilizing scale BB to project generational mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019 was based on the results of an experience study as of June 30, 2018, with most of the assumptions based on the period from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015 as conducted for the ERS.

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of July 1, 2019 and 2018 are summarized in the following table:

| | 2020 | | 2019 | | |
|--------------------------|------------|----------------|------------|----------------|--|
| | | Long-Term | | Long-Term | |
| | Target | Expected Real | Target | Expected Real | |
| Asset Class | Allocation | Rate of Return | Allocation | Rate of Return | |
| | | | | | |
| International equity | 17.00% | 6.90% | 17.00% | 6.50% | |
| U.S. equity | 15.00% | 5.35% | 15.00% | 5.05% | |
| Private equity | 10.00% | 8.80% | 10.00% | 8.65% | |
| Core real estate | 10.00% | 3.90% | 10.00% | 4.10% | |
| Trend following | 9.00% | 3.25% | 9.00% | 3.00% | |
| U.S. microcap | 7.00% | 7.30% | 7.00% | 7.00% | |
| Global options | 7.00% | 4.75% | 7.00% | 4.50% | |
| Private credit | 6.00% | 5.60% | 6.00% | 5.25% | |
| Long treasuries | 6.00% | 2.00% | 6.00% | 1.90% | |
| Alternative risk premium | 5.00% | 2.75% | 5.00% | 2.45% | |
| TIPS | 5.00% | 1.20% | 5.00% | 0.75% | |
| Core bonds | 3.00% | 1.50% | 3.00% | 1.30% | |
| | 100.00% | | 100.00% | | |

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 and 2019 was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Department contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

The following schedules presents the changes in the net OPEB liability for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019:

| | | Inc | rease (Decrease) | | |
|--|------------------|-----|---------------------|----|--------------------|
| | Total OPEB | | Plan Fiduciary | | Net OPEB |
| | Liability | | Net Position | | Liability |
| | (a) | | (b) | | (a) - (b) |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ 33,703,543 | \$ | 17,271,797 | \$ | 16,431,746 |
| Changes for the fiscal year: | | | | | |
| Service cost | 746,672 | | | | 746,672 |
| Interest on the total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual | 2,349,959 | | | | 2,349,959 |
| experience | (314,598) | | | | (314,598) |
| Change of assumptions | 137,542 | | | | 137,542 |
| Contributions - employer | | | 1,990,000 | | (1,990,000) |
| Net investment income | | | 764,696 | | (764,696) |
| Benefit payments | (1,012,084) | | (1,012,084) | | |
| Administrative expense Other | | | (5,493) 522,371 | | 5,493 (522,371) |
| Net changes | 1,907,491 | | 2,259,490 | | (351,999) |
| Balance at June 30, 2020 | \$ 35,611,034 | \$ | 19,531,287 | \$ | 16,079,747 |
| | | Inc | Increase (Decrease) | | |
| | Total OPEB | | Plan Fiduciary | | Net OPEB |
| | Liability | | Net Position | | Liability |
| | (a) | | (b) | | (a) - (b) |
| Balance at June 30, 2018 | \$ 32,509,555 | \$ | 15,243,827 | \$ | 17,265,728 |
| Changes for the fiscal year: | | | | | |
| Serivce cost | 698,126 | | | | 698,126 |
| Interest on the total OPEB liability | 2,264,524 | | | | 2,264,524 |
| Difference between expected and actual | | | | | |
| experience | (1,184,347) | | | | (1,184,347) |
| Change of assumptions | 432,233 | | | | 432,233 |
| Contributions - employer | | | 1,936,548 | | (1,936,548) |
| Net investment income | | | 1,111,306 | | (1,111,306) |
| Benefits payments | (1,016,548) | | (1,016,548) | | |
| Administrative expense | | | (3,336) | | 3,336 |
| Net changes | 1,193,988 | | 2,027,970 | | (833,982) |
| | | | | | |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ 33,703,543 | \$ | 17,271,797 | \$ | 16,431,746 |

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NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Department, as well as what the Department's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

| | | | J | une 30, 2020 | | |
|--------------------|----|-----------------------|----|-------------------------|----|------------------------|
| | 1 | % Decrease (6.00%) | D | iscount Rate (7.00%) | | 1% Increase (8.00%) |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 21,678,839 | \$ | 16,079,747 | \$ | 11,620,115 |
| | | June 30, 2019 | | | | |
| | 1 | % Decrease (6.00%) | D | iscount Rate (7.00%) | | 1% Increase (8.00%) |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 21,771,815 | \$ | 16,431,746 | \$ | 12,191,806 |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Department, as well as what the Department's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | | | Jun | e 30, 2020 | | |
|--------------------|----|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------|----|-------------|
| | | | | Current Healthcare Cost Trend | | |
| | 1 | % Decrease | | Rates | | 1% Increase |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 11,367,109 | \$ | 16,079,747 | \$ | 22,124,313 |
| | | June 30, 2019 | | | | |
| | | | | Current | | |
| | | | | Healthcare | | |
| | | | | Cost Trend | | |
| | 1 | % Decrease | | Rates | | 1% Increase |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 11,914,743 | \$ | 16,431,746 | \$ | 22,247,534 |

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Department recognized OPEB expense of \$1,229,776 and \$1,691,200. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | June 30, 2020 | | |)20 |
|---|---------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| | | Deferred | Deferred | |
| | | Outflows of | | Inflows of |
| | | Resources | | Resources |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ | | \$ | (1,093,632) |
| Changes of assumptions | | 418,394 | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | | 255,967 | | |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the | | | | |
| measurement date | | 1,977,000 | | |
| | \$ | 2,651,361 | \$ | (1,093,632) |
| | | June 3 | 30, 20 |)19 |
| | | Deferred | | Deferred |
| | | Outflows of | | Inflows of |
| | | Resources | | Resources |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ | | \$ | (1,005,637) |
| Changes of assumptions | | 367,012 | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | | |
| on OPEB plan investments | | | | (188,871) |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the | | | | |
| measurement date | | 1,990,000 | | |
| | \$ | 2,357,012 | \$ | (1,194,508) |

NOTE G - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the Department reported \$1,977,000 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Department contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2020 will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ended June 30: | Ne | Net Deferred Inflows | | |
|-------------------------------|----|-------------------------|--|--|
| 2021 | \$ | (106,916) | | |
| 2022 | | (106,918) | | |
| 2023 | | (47,201) | | |
| 2024 | | (44,770) | | |
| 2025 | | (98,134) | | |
| Thereafter | | (15,332) | | |
| | \$ | (419,271) | | |

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Department participates in a deferred compensation plan established by the State of Hawai'i in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is available to all the Department employees, and permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All plan assets are held in a trust fund to protect them from claims of general creditors and from diversion to any uses other than paying benefits to participants and beneficiaries. The Department has no responsibility for loss due to the investment or failure of investment of funds and assets in the plans, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

NOTE H - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Risk Management - The Department is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; employee injuries and illnesses; and natural disasters. The Department maintains property, auto liability, and general liability insurance policies. The Department remains self-insured for workers' compensation liability.

Liabilities are recorded when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Claim liabilities are based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, and include incremental costs for the hiring of special counsel and expert witnesses. Claims liabilities are estimated by a case-by-case review of all claims and the application of historical experience to outstanding claims.

NOTE H - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Construction Contracts - The Department is obligated under construction contracts for the utility plant and other projects. Such commitments totaled \$42,807,730 and \$43,754,063 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Litigation - The Department is involved in various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. The Department provides for losses that, in the opinion of management, are both probable of being incurred and that can be reasonably estimated. In management's opinion, losses, if any, would not materially affect the Department's financial position or results of operations.

NOTE I - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Long-term Debt - As discussed in Note E, the County has issued general obligation bonds on the Department's behalf for improvements to the water system. The Department is liable to the County for its proportionate share of the debt service requirements. In connection with these general obligation bond issues, long-term debt payable to the County totaled \$22,198,633 and \$24,769,159 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Accrued interest payable to the County totaled \$417,975 and \$460,092 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Operating Lease - The Department leases office space in its Hilo office to the County. The term of the lease is for ten years, starting on October 1, 2013, with an option to extend for an additional ten years. The County is also obligated to pay for common area maintenance expense. Thereafter and for the duration of the lease term, annual lease rent from the County, including common area maintenance will be approximately \$236,000, subject to annual adjustments to the monthly common area maintenance charge. Payments received from the County in connection with this lease totaled approximately \$236,000 during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

As of June 30, 2020, future minimum lease rental income was as follows:

| Fiscal Year <u>Ending June 30,</u> | Amount |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| 2021 | \$ 236,000 |
| 2022 | 236,000 |
| 2023 | 236,000 |
| 2024 | 59,000 |
| | \$ 767,000 |

NOTE I - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Other - Amounts due to the County totaled approximately \$214,000 and \$198,000 as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and is included in accounts payable.

The County provides the Department with various administrative services including treasury, legal, audit, and workers' compensation administration. The cost for these services are generally invoiced and reimbursed on an annual basis.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Last Ten Fiscal Years*

| Measurement Period Ended | Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (%) | : | Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (\$) | Covered Payroll | Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a %age of Covered Payroll | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a %age of the Total Pension Liability |
|--------------------------------|--|----|--|--------------------|---|--|
| June 30, 2019 | 0.23% | \$ | 32,029,248 | \$ 10,318,136 | 310.4% | 54.87% |
| June 30, 2018 | 0.25% | \$ | 33,522,053 | \$ 9,742,400 | 344.1% | 55.48% |
| June 30, 2017 | 0.22% | \$ | 28,365,453 | \$ 9,358,187 | 303.1% | 54.80% |
| June 30, 2016 | 0.22% | \$ | 29,247,607 | \$ 9,046,930 | 323.3% | 51.28% |
| June 30, 2015 | 0.22% | \$ | 18,940,065 | \$ 9,012,196 | 210.2% | 62.42% |
| June 30, 2014 | 0.26% | \$ | 20,526,993 | \$ 8,272,307 | 248.1% | 63.92% |
| June 30, 2013 | 0.21% | \$ | 18,469,400 | \$ 7,640,477 | 241.7% | 57.96% |

* This schedule is intended to present information for 10 years, as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability for each respective fiscal year. Additional years will be built prospectively as information becomes available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (PENSION) Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Actual Department | | | | | | | | Contributions as a %age | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|----|--------------|--|---------|---|----------------------------|---------|---------------|
| Fiscal Year | Statutorily Required | | | | Statutorily Statutorily Required Required | | Statutorily Contribution Required Deficiency | | Covered | of Covered |
| Ended | C | ontribution | C | ontributions | (E | Excess) | Payroll | Payroll | | |
| June 30, 2020 | \$ | 2,258,593 | \$ | 2,258,593 | \$ | | \$ 10,439,473 | 21.64% | | |
| June 30, 2019 | \$ | 1,950,328 | \$ | 1,950,328 | \$ | | \$ 10,318,136 | 18.90% | | |
| June 30, 2018 | \$ | 1,757,461 | \$ | 1,757,461 | \$ | | \$ 9,742,400 | 18.04% | | |
| June 30, 2017 | \$ | 1,603,278 | \$ | 1,603,278 | \$ | | \$ 9,358,187 | 17.13% | | |
| June 30, 2016 | \$ | 1,553,128 | \$ | 1,553,128 | \$ | | \$ 9,046,930 | 17.17% | | |
| June 30, 2015 | \$ | 1,520,994 | \$ | 1,520,994 | \$ | | \$ 9,012,196 | 16.88% | | |
| June 30, 2014 | \$ | 1,664,580 | \$ | 1,664,580 | \$ | | \$ 8,272,307 | 20.12% | | |
| June 30, 2013 | \$ | 1,214,933 | \$ | 1,214,933 | \$ | | \$ 7,640,477 | 15.90% | | |
| June 30, 2012 | \$ | 1,210,106 | \$ | 1,210,106 | \$ | | \$ 7,849,473 | 15.42% | | |
| June 30, 2011 | \$ | 1,197,031 | \$ | 1,197,031 | \$ | | \$ 7,726,278 | 15.49% | | |

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB STATEMENT NO. 68 Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE A - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that significantly affected the measurement of the total pension liability since the measurement period ended June 30, 2016.

Amounts reported in the schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability as of the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 (fiscal year ended June 30, 2017) were significantly impacted by the following changes of actuarial assumptions:

- The investment return assumption decreased from 7.65% to 7.00%
- Mortality assumptions were modified to assume longer life expectancies as well as to reflect continuous mortality improvement

Prior to the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 (fiscal year ended June 30, 2017), there were no other factors, including the use of different assumptions that significantly affect trends reported in these schedules.

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Ten Fiscal Years *

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total OPEB liability | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 746,672 | \$ 698,126 | \$ 687,414 |
| Interest on the total OPEB liability | 2,349,959 | 2,264,524 | 2,135,490 |
| Difference between expected and actual | | | |
| experience of the total OPEB liability | (314,598) | (1,184,347) | |
| Changes of assumptions | 137,542 | 432,233 | |
| Benefit payments | (1,012,084) | (1,016,548) | (953,288) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 1,907,491 | 1,193,988 | 1,869,616 |
| Total OPEB liability - Beginning | 33,703,543 | 32,509,555 | 30,639,939 |
| Total OPEB liability - Ending | \$ 35,611,034 | \$ 33,703,543 | \$ 32,509,555 |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 1,990,000 | \$ 1,936,548 | \$ 1,867,788 |
| Net investment income | 764,696 | 1,111,306 | 1,245,946 |
| Benefit payments | (1,012,084) | (1,016,548) | (953,288) |
| Administrative expense | (5,493) | (3,336) | (2,782) |
| Other | 522,371 | | 16,370 |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 2,259,490 | 2,027,970 | 2,174,034 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - Beginning | 17,271,797 | 15,243,827 | 13,069,793 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - Ending | \$ 19,531,287 | \$ 17,271,797 | \$ 15,243,827 |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 16,079,747 | \$ 16,431,746 | \$ 17,265,728 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage | | | |
| of the total OPEB liability | 54.85% | 51.25% | 46.89% |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 10,264,425 | \$ 10,212,595 | \$ 9,791,132 |
| Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll | 156.66% | 160.90% | 176.34% |

*This schedule is intended to present information for ten years for each respective fiscal year. Additional years will be built prospectively as information becomes available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (OPEB) Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year Ended | D | Actuarially Determined ontribution | in the D | ontributions Relation to Actuarially Determined ontribution | D | ntribution eficiency Excess) | Covered- Employee Payroll | Contributions as a %age of Covered- Employee Payroll |
|-------------------------|----|--|----------------|---|----|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| June 30, 2020 | \$ | 1,977,000 | \$ | 1,977,000 | \$ | | \$ 10,970,714 | 18.02% |
| June 30, 2019 | \$ | 1,990,000 | \$ | 1,990,000 | \$ | | \$ 10,264,425 | 19.39% |
| June 30, 2018 | \$ | 1,933,000 | \$ | 1,936,548 | \$ | (3,548) | \$ 10,212,595 | 18.96% |
| June 30, 2017 | \$ | 1,867,000 | \$ | 1,867,788 | \$ | (788) | \$ 9,791,132 | 19.08% |
| June 30, 2016 | \$ | 1,914,000 | \$ | 1,913,204 | \$ | 796 | \$ 9,464,649 | 20.21% |
| June 30, 2015 | \$ | 1,850,000 | \$ | 1,848,389 | \$ | 1,611 | \$ 9,426,509 | 19.61% |
| June 30, 2014 | \$ | 1,899,000 | \$ | 1,900,758 | \$ | (1,758) | \$ 8,635,402 | 22.01% |
| June 30, 2013 | \$ | 1,834,000 | \$ | 1,833,733 | \$ | 267 | \$ 7,966,529 | 23.02% |
| June 30, 2012 | \$ | 2,400,000 | \$ | 2,401,487 | \$ | (1,487) | \$ 8,182,968 | 29.35% |
| June 30, 2011 | \$ | 2,319,000 | \$ | 2,067,678 | \$ | 251,322 | \$ 8,056,398 | 25.67% |

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB STATEMENT NO. 75 Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The actuarially determined annual required contributions ("ARC") for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 was developed in the July 1, 2018 valuation. The following summarizes the significant methods and assumptions used to determine the actuarially determined contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

| Actuarial valuation date | July 1, 2018 |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Actuarial cost method | Entry Age Normal |
| Amortization method | Level percent, closed |
| Equivalent single amortization period | 17.9 as of June 30, 2020 |
| Asset valuation method | Smoothed |
| Inflation rate | 2.50% |
| Investment rate of return | 7.00% |
| Payroll growth | 3.50% |
| Salary increases | 3.50% to 7.00% including inflation |
| Demographic assumptions | Based on the experience study covering the five year period ending June 30, 2015 as conducted for the Hawaii Employees' Retirement System (ERS) |
| Mortality | System-specific mortality tables utilizing scale BB to project generational mortality improvement |
| Participation rates | 98% healthcare participation assumption for retirees that receive 100% of the Base Monthly Contribution. Healthcare participation rates of 25%, 65%, and 90% for retirees that receive 0%, 50%, or 75% of the base monthly contribution, respectively. 100% for life insurance and 98% for Medicare Part B |
| Healthcare cost trend rates | |
| PPO | Initial rate of 10%, declining to a rate of 4.86% after 13 years |
| НМО | Initial rate of 10%, declining to a rate of 4.86% after 13 years |
| Part B | Initial rates of 4% and 5%; declining to a rate of 4.7% after 12 years |
| Dental | 5% for the first 3 years; then 4% for all future years |
| Vision | 0% for the first 3 years; then 2.5% for all future years |
| Life Insurance | 0.00% |
| | |

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB STATEMENT NO. 75 Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS (Continued)

The actuarially determined ARC for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 was developed in the July 1, 2017 valuation. The following summarizes the significant methods and assumptions used to determine the actuarially determined contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

| Actuarial valuation date | July 1, 2017 |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Actuarial cost method | Entry Age Normal |
| Amortization method | Level percent, closed |
| Equivalent single amortization period | 18.9 as of June 30, 2019 |
| Asset valuation method | Market |
| Inflation rate | 2.50% |
| Investment rate of return | 7.00% |
| Payroll growth | 3.50% |
| Salary increases | 3.50% to 7.00% including inflation |
| Demographic assumptions | Based on the experience study covering the five year period ending June 30, 2015 as conducted for the Hawaii Employees' Retirement System |
| Mortality | System-specific mortality tables utilizing scale BB to project generational mortality improvement. |
| Participation rates | 98% healthcare participation assumption for retirees that receive 100% of the Base Monthly Contribution. Healthcare participation rates of 25%, 65%, and 90% for retirees that receive 0%, 50%, or 75% of the base monthly contribution, respectively. 100% for life insurance and 98% for Medicare Part B |
| Healthcare cost trend rates | |
| PPO | Initial rate of 6.6%, 6.6%, and 9%, declining to a rate of 4.86% after 14 years |
| НМО | Initial rate of 9%, declining to a rate of 4.86% after 14 years |
| Part B | Initial rates of 2% and 5%; declining to a rate of 4.7% after 14 years |
| Dental | 3.5% |
| Vision | 2.5% |
| Life Insurance | 0% |
| | |

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GASB STATEMENT NO. 75 Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS (Continued)

The actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2009, which was used to develop the ARC for fiscal year 2011 and 2012, included a reduction to the discount rate used from the prior valuation. The discount rate changed from a blended discount rate of 7% - 8% to 7%. This resulted in an overall increase to the actuarially determined OPEB liability and the ARC.

There were no other factors that significantly affected trends in the amounts reported in the schedule of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios or the schedule of contributions (OPEB).



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Water Board County of Hawai'i, Department of Water Supply

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the County of Hawai'i, Department of Water Supply (Department), a component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Department's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Department's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

NoK CPAS, INC.

Honolulu, Hawaii December 29, 2020

County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (A component unit of the County of Hawai'i, State of Hawai'i) SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS - STATUS REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

This section contains the current status of the prior audit recommendations. The recommendations are referenced to the pages of the previous audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, dated December 20, 2019.

| Reference Number | Recommendation | Current Status |
|---------------------|--|----------------|
| 2019-001 | Properly Account for Capital Assessment Fees (page 57) | |
| | The various fees and deposits collected by the Department may carry unique restrictions which could result in differences in accounting. Management should account for capital assessment fees in accordance with governmental accounting standards. | Accomplished. |